

ATAGENIX LABORATORIES

Recombinant 2019-nCoV S Protein RBD(E484Q,L452R),

Catalog Number:ATXP02519COV

His Tag

Product Details

Summary

Product name Recombinant 2019-nCoV S Protein RBD(E484Q,L452R), His Tag

Catalog# ATXP02519COV

description Recombinant SARS-CoV-2 S Protein RBD(E484Q,L452R) is produced by

Mammalian cells expression system and the target gene is expressed with C-His

Tag

Expression system Mammalian cells

Species Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2)

Accession # YP_009724390.1(E484Q,L452R)

Alternative names RBD Protein, Spike RBD Protein, INDIAN Variant(B.1.617)

Purity >90% as determined by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level Please contact with the lab for this information

Formulation Supplied as solution form in PBS, pH7.5 or lyophilized from PBS, pH7.5

Shipping In general, proteins are shipped out with blue ice unless customers require

otherwise.

Stability &StorageUse a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles.

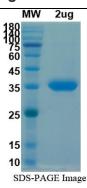
Store at 2 to 8 °C for one week .

Store at -20 to -80 °C for twelve months from the date of receipt.

Reconstitution Please refer to the instraction in the hard copy of COA.

Application Immunogen

SDS-PAGE image



Background

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Catalog Number:ATXP02519COV Recombinant 2019-nCoV S Protein RBD(E484Q,L452R) ,

Protein S (PROS1) is glycoprotein and expressed in many cell types supporting its reported involvement in multiple biological Tag processes that include coagulation, apoptosis, cancer development and progression, and the innate immune response. Known receptors bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2, DPP4, CEACAM etc.. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. Most notable is severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS). The severe acute respiratory syndrome-coronavirus (SARS-CoV) spike (S) glycoprotein alone can mediate the membrane fusion required for virus entry and cell fusion. It is also a major immunogen and a target for entry inhibitors. It's been reported that 2019-nCoV can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity.

Pair recommendations	
35kDa	
Note	

For research use only .Not for use in clinical diagnostic procedures.