

## Product Details

### Summary

<b>Product name</b>	Recombinant Human ACE2 protein
<b>Catalog#</b>	ATEP02477HU
<b>description</b>	Recombinant Human ACE2 is produced by E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Leu392-Ser740 is expressed with N-His Tag
<b>Expression system</b>	E.coli
<b>Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Accession #</b>	NP_001358344.1 or Uniprot Q9BYF1
<b>Alternative names</b>	ACE-related carboxypeptidase, Angiotensin-converting enzyme homolog, Metalloprotease MPROT15
<b>Predicted Molecular Mass</b>	42.71kDa
<b>Purity</b>	>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE
<b>Endotoxin level</b>	Please contact with the lab for this information.
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied as solution form in PBS, pH7.5 or lyophilized from PBS, pH7.5
<b>Shipping</b>	In general, proteins are shipped out with blue ice unless customers require otherwise.
<b>Stability &amp;Storage</b>	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Store at 2 to 8 °C for one week . Store at -20 to -80 °C for twelve months from the date of receipt.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Please refer to the instruction in the hard copy of COA.
<b>Application</b>	Immunogen

### Background

Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme 2 (ACE-2) is an integral membrane protein and a zinc metalloprotease of the ACE family, the ACE family includes somatic and germinal ACE. ACE-2 cleaves angiotensins I and II as a carboxypeptidase, ACE-2 converts angiotensin I to angiotensin 1-9, and angiotensin II to angiotensin 1-7. ACE-2 is also able to hydrolyze apelin-13 and dynorphin-13 with high efficiency. ACE-2 can be high expressed in testis, kidney and heart, in colon, small intestine and ovary at moderate levels. Captopril and lisinopril as the classical ACE inhibitor don't inhibit ACE-2 activity. ACE-2 may play an important role in regulating the heart function.



## Note

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For research use only.

