

ATAGENIX LABORATORIES

Catalog Number:ATEP02475COV Recombinant 2019-nCoV S2 Protein

Product Details

Summary		
Catalog#	ATEP02475COV	
description	Recombinant SARS-CoV-2 S2 Protein is produced by E.coli expression system	
	and the target gene encoding Ser686-Pro1213 is expressed with N-His Tag	
Expression system	E.coli	
Species	Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2)	
Accession #	QHD43416.1	
Alternative names	S2 protein,Spike glycoprotein Subunit2,S glycoprotein Subunit2,Spike protein S2	
Predicted Molecular Mass	60.14kDa	
Purity	>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE	
Endotoxin level	Please contact with the lab for this information.	
Formulation	Lyophilized. Lyophilized from PBS pH7.4 , 0.02%NLS,1mM EDTA, 4%trehalose	
	1% mannitol.	
Shipping	In general, proteins are shipped out with blue ice unless customers require	
	otherwise.	
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles.	
	Store at 2 to 8 °C for one week .	
	Store at -20 to -80 °C for twelve months from the date of receipt.	
Reconstitution	Reconstitute in sterile water for a stock solution.	
Application	Immunogen	

SDS-PAGE image

kDa	М	R
150 100		
70	-	
50	-	
40	-	
35	-	
25		
20	-	
15		
15		
10	-	

Background

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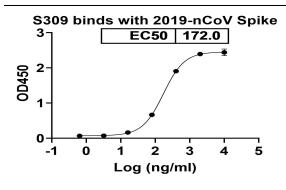
Protein S (PROS1) is glycoprotein and expressed in many cell types supporting its reported involvement in multiple biological processes that include coagulation, apoptosis, cancer development and progression, and the innate immune response. Known receptors bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2, DPP4, CEACAM etc.. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. Most notable is severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS). The severe acute respiratory syndrome-coronavirus (SARS-CoV) spike (S) glycoprotein alone can mediate the membrane fusion required for virus entry and cell fusion. It is also a major immunogen and a target for entry inhibitors. It's been reported that 2019-nCoV can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity.

Product performance

Form

Recombinant 2019-nCoV S2 Protein

Tested Picture



Note

For research use only.